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4.2 CALIBRATION AND VERIFICATION OF THE EVERGLADES AND THE LOWER EAST COAST

This section presents the results of the calibration and verification for the gridded model domain outside of the Everglades Agricultural Area (EAA) including: the Water Conservation Areas (WCAs), the Big Cypress National Preserve (BCNP), Everglades National Park (ENP), the Holey Land and Rotenberger Wildlife Management Areas, and the Lower East Coast Service Areas (LECSAs).

4.2.1 Methodology

The primary goal of the SFWMM calibration and verification procedure for the majority of the model domain (LEC, WCAs, ENP, and BCNP) was to determine appropriate values for the many physically based parameters used by the model in order to ensure that the tool can reproduce the historically observed response of the South Florida system. In order to achieve this goal, historical water level observations from a network of ground and surface water monitoring locations maintained by the South Florida Water Management District (SFWMD or District) and the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) were used to make stage comparisons during calibration (Figure 4.2.1.1). Simulation was performed on a daily basis and simulated water levels were compared with historical data on a daily basis for marsh or groundwater gage locations and on an average weekly basis for canal locations. Since the primary goal of calibration was to determine physical, not operational parameters, matching to structural flow was not considered in the determination of calibration parameters. A breakdown of the most significant parameters refined or determined by the calibration procedure is given below.

1. Lower East Coast

- **a.** Canal parameters
 - i. Channel aquifer hydraulic conductivity coefficient [CHHC in Equation (2.5.2.1)]
 - ii. Surface water channel interaction [N in Section 2.6]
 - iii. Coefficients for operation of outlet structures
- **b.** Detention depths (refer to Section 2.4)
- c. ET coefficients (KVEG, DSRZ, DDRZ in Section 2.3)
- 2. Everglades (WCAs, ENP and BCNP)
 - a. ET coefficients (KVEG, DSRZ, DDRZ in Section 2.3)
 - **b.** Effective roughness N ($N = Ah^b$ for overland flow; mainly A is adjusted)
 - **c.** Levee seepage rate coefficients $[\beta_0, \beta_1, \beta_2 \text{ in Equation } (2.5.3.1)]$
 - **d.** Detention depths (refer to Section 2.4)
 - e. Canal parameters (refer to Sections 2.5 and 2.6)

Because the period of record available for modeling spans 36 years, the record could be divided into periods for both calibration and verification. The period used for calibration was from January 1, 1984, to December 31, 1995. Due to operational and structural changes in the Central and South Florida Flood Control (C&SF) Project around 1990, the calibration period was further broken into two sub periods: 1984 to 1990 (using operations for the 1980's) and 1991 to 1995 (with operations for the 1990's). The verification record spanned two time periods: January 1,

1981, to December 31, 1983; and January 1, 1996, to December 31, 2000. Determining periods when few system changes occurred and where hydrologic variability was well represented were important considerations in addition to the normal concerns for data integrity. In the earlier years of the calibration/verification period, the operations of water control structures may have involved some field-level decision-making. During the later years, in contrast, decision-making was fully centralized, which in turn followed operating manuals more closely.

To help account for variation in operation practices, as a general rule, available time series of historical structure flows were input to the model as internal boundary conditions between different hydrologic basins. The use of historical flows as internal boundary conditions at structures (instead of simulated flow through those structures) allowed physically based processes to be calibrated without being affected by possible changes to operating practices over time. In general, the flow records at many of the structures throughout the system were complete with high quality data. In some cases, particularly in some Lower East canals, internal structures were simulated rather than imposed during the calibration and verification periods. This practice was applied only where historical data was sparse and/or not available, where the quality of the data was poor or where the model representation of the contributing runoff basin was significantly different than what was in the field due to issues of scale. For many of these flow locations, as shown in Figure 4.2.1.2, reasonability checks are made on monthly, seasonal and annual bases to verify simulated flows against available historical data. These checks were not used in helping to determine calibrated parameters, but rather led to changes in the structural operational assumptions used for the calibration and verification runs.

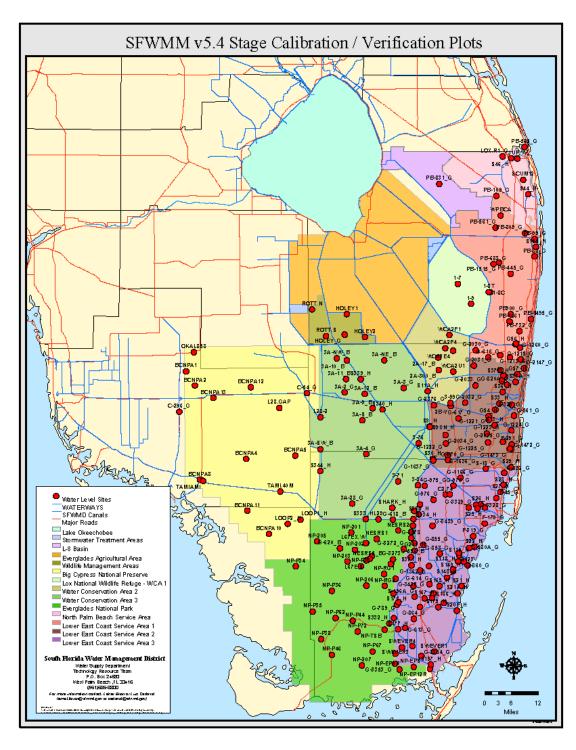


Figure 4.2.1.1 Location of Stage Calibration and Verification Sites

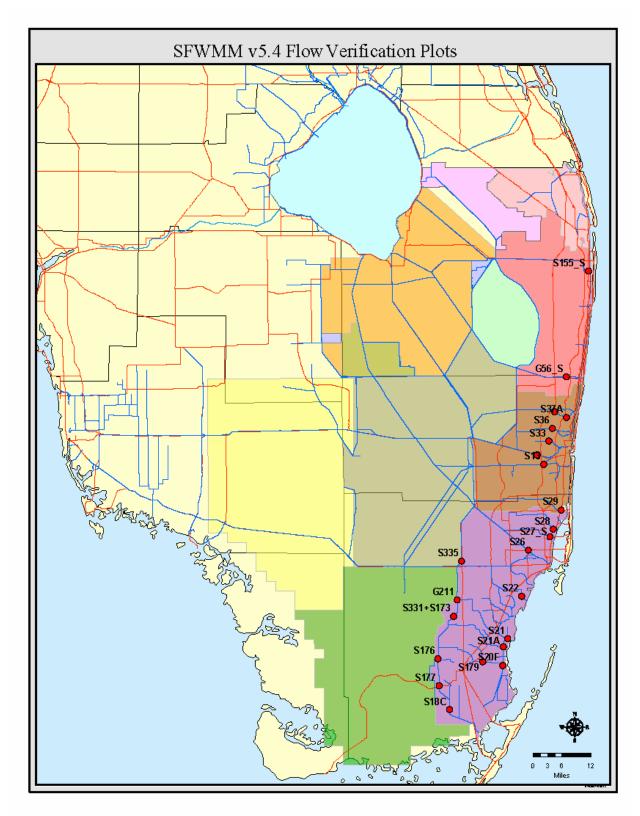


Figure 4.2.1.2 Locations of Flow Validation Sites

Calibration Procedure

Calibration was performed in an iterative fashion: (1) simulated stages were compared with historical stages at selected monitoring points and simulated flows were compared with historical flows at selected control structures; (2) appropriate calibration parameters were modified in order to make simulated values match historical values more closely; (3) the model was rerun with the revised parameters; and (4) steps 1 through 3 were repeated until an acceptable match between simulated and historical values was obtained.

The general guidelines used in calibrating the model were discussed in Section 4.1. Additional guidelines specific to the Everglades/LEC region are listed below.

- 1. The calibration period covered historical data consistent with a relatively static network of canals and water control structures, and constant structure operating rules.
- 2. Local parameters such as canal properties and cell-based data were adjusted before regional parameters were adjusted. Regional parameters such as land use type have influence over a greater area. This procedure was followed to minimize the undesirable effect of the calibration getting better in some areas but negatively affecting other areas in the model domain.
- **3.** The ET-Recharge model was re-run for several snapshots of land use. The 1988 FLUCCS land use coverage was used as input to the ET-Recharge model for the 1984-1995 calibration period and the 1981-1983 verification period. The 2000 FLUCCS coverage was used for the 1995-2000 verification period.
- **4.** It was shown (Trimble, 1995a) that canals heavily influence groundwater levels within their immediate proximity. The monitoring point closest to the canal, assuming that several observation points exist within the cell where the canal is located, is given priority for the stage matching. This allows for a better representation of the canalgroundwater interaction.

In order to determine the "acceptability" of a calibration run, many statistical measures and individual time series plots were used to help assess model performance. These will be shown in more detail in Section 4.2.2. In addition to comparing seasonal and annual sums and means, the following statistical measures and their corresponding ranges were used to evaluate the status of the calibration after each parameter change.

Coefficient of determination or correlation coefficient, R²:

$$R^{2} = \left[\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_{i} - x_{m})(\hat{x}_{i} - \hat{x}_{m})}{\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_{i} - x_{m})^{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (\hat{x}_{i} - \hat{x}_{m})^{2}}} \right]^{2}$$
 (4.2.1.1)

Root mean square error, rmse:

$$rmse = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (\hat{x}_{i} - x_{i})^{2}}{n-1}}$$

$$0 \le rmse \le {}^{+}\infty$$
(4.2.1.2)

Bias:

$$bias = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (\hat{x}_i - x_i)}{n}$$

$$-\infty \le bias \le {}^{+}\infty$$
(4.2.1.3)

Nash-Sutcliffe Efficiency:

$$Eff = 1 - \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \hat{x}_i)^2}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - x_m)^2}$$
(4.2.1.4)

where:

n = number of data points

 x_i = observed data point

 x_m = mean of observed data points

 $\hat{x}_i = \text{ simulated data point }$

 \hat{x}_m = mean of simulated data points

The Nash-Sutcliffe Efficiency can also be expressed as:

$$Eff = 2 R \frac{S_{\hat{x}}}{S_x} - \frac{bias^2}{S_x^2} - \frac{S_{\hat{x}}^2}{S_x^2}$$
 (4.2.1.5)

where the standard deviation for the historical (S_r) and estimated $(S_{\hat{r}})$ data are:

$$S_x = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - x_m)^2}{n - 1}}$$
 (4.2.1.6)

$$S_{\hat{x}} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (\hat{x}_i - \hat{x}_m)^2}{n-1}}$$
 (4.2.1.7)

All comparisons using the above statistical measures were performed by limiting the number of data points by the size of available historical data. In other words, simulated data with no corresponding historical data were not considered in the statistical calculations. As a result, statistics generated from different sample sizes (varying from less than 100 to over 4000) were considered.

When comparing historical data with simulated values, several factors beyond the statistical matches were also considered. As a general rule, good engineering judgment must be used to supplement the information provided by the calibration statistics and plots. These included the following:

- 1. Exact matching of historical data may not be desirable in some cells during the calibration process. The simulated stage represents the average water level computed for a 4 square mile area. Comparing historical stage, a point measurement, against simulated stage, an estimated areal average, is a source of discrepancy in itself. As an example, if there is significant well pumpage in close proximity to the gage, the observed data can be strongly influenced; whereas the average effect of the well pumpage (over 4 square miles) can be fairly minimal. Similarly, a gage located next to a canal would show more variability in measured values than an average stage from a 4-square-mile cell, although in other cases it may be more desirable to use such a gage to better represent the canal-groundwater interaction.
- **2.** The spatial resolution of the model, 2-miles by 2-miles, is too coarse for modeling local phenomena such as wellfield drawdowns and levee seepage.
- **3.** The time resolution of the model, 1 day, may not always satisfy certain assumptions in the model. For example, in the overland flow subroutine, in order to maintain stability in the solution procedure, volume constraints during some simulation days may override the assumption that overland flow is a diffusion type process.
- **4.** The scale of the model must also be considered in making stage comparisons in canals. The mean simulated stage over a two mile (or longer) reach may not be directly comparable to a point measurement on the canal just upstream of a water control structure.
- 5. When interpreting how well the model is matching the observed data, considerations must be given for the accuracy of the observed data. In some cases, observed data are known to reflect deviations from normal operating policy, such as pre-storm drawdowns, and would therefore not match the predicted values by the model. The model has time-varying rules of operation only for outlet structures of reaches with daily variation in simulated canal slope (dynamic canal slope option), where the criteria vary from normal condition to flood condition depending on antecedent rain. In some cases, the observed data was considered to be generally reliable, but suspect for a specific time period (based on comparisons with neighboring gages and hydro-meteorological responses).

As previously stated, the iterative calibration procedure was followed with consideration for the many statistical, graphical and anecdotal metrics refining model parameters for the local to regional scale. Once little or no improvement in history matching was observed with additional changes in parameters, the calibration effort was deemed complete. The next section discusses the results of the SFWMM v5.4 calibration and verification. With minor changes, v5.4 will become v5.5.

4.2.2 Calibration and Verification Results

Table 4.2.2.1 shows the calibration and verification statistics for the WCAs, the ENP, BCNP, Holey Land and Rotenberger WMAs, and the LECSAs. Because the full set of maps and figures showing the time series data at individual sites is so large, the maps and figures are provided in Appendix C. Examples of time series graphics are illustrated in Figures 4.2.2.1 and 4.2.2.2. When interpreting how well the model is matching the observed data, considerations must be given for the many issues of scale and data accuracy as outlined in the previous section. From Table 4.2.2.1, the following observations can be made:

- 1. WCA-1. One canal site and three marsh sites were available for comparisons with observed data; the sampling size for both calibration and verification was good. The R² values ranged from 0.7 0.8. The bias was about 0.1 ft or less, except at one site where the bias was 0.2+ ft.
- 2. WCA-2A. There were six marsh stations and one canal station used for comparisons. The calibration sampling size ranged from 400 to 4,000 values. The verification sampling size ranged from about 1,500 to 2,900 values. The R² values for calibration were generally in the 0.7 to 0.9 range with the verification R² values were about 0.6 and ranging from 0.3 0.7. The calibration and verification bias were generally less than 0.2 ft.
- **3.** WCA-2B. There were two marsh stations used for comparisons. The calibration and verification records were good. The R² values range from 0.7 0.8. Calibration bias averaged about 0.1 ft and the verification bias was about 0.3 ft.
- **4.** WCA-3A. There were fifteen marsh stations and five canal stations used for comparisons. In both cases the sampling records were good. In the marsh stations, calibration and verification R² values range from 0.8 0.9 generally. In the marsh calibration, the bias range from less than 0.1 to one station being high at about 0.7 ft. The verification bias ranges from 0.1 0.2 ft, again with the same one station having a high bias of 0.9 ft. For the canal gages, the R² values range from 0.8 0.9 and the bias range from less than 0.1 0.2 ft, generally speaking.
- **5.** WCA-3B. There were five marsh stations used for comparisons. Sampling period was good at all but one station. For the calibration, R² values range from 0.4 0.8, and the verification R² values range from 0.6 0.8. Calibration bias was generally less than 0.1 feet with one station being 0.3 ft. The verification bias ranged from 0.1 0.3 ft.
- **6.** ENP. There were 34 marsh stations, 4 well stations and 1 canal site used for comparisons. They were generally good sampling sizes at all but five stations. Generally, the R² values range from 0.8 0.9 with the lowest being about 0.4. The bias stations were generally in the range of 0.1 0.3 ft.
- 7. BCNP. Seventeen marsh stations were used for comparisons. Five had good sample sizes, two were poor and the rest had fair sampling sizes. The R² values for calibration ranged from 0.4 0.9; verification R² values, being a little less, ranged from 0.4 0.8. The bias generally ranged from less than 0.2 ft up to 0.7 ft; only one station was high.
- **8.** NPBSA. There were five well sites and two canal sites used for comparisons; four had good records and three had poor records for sampling size. Calibration R² values range from about 0.3 0.6, and the R² values for verification range from 0.5 0.7. Only one canal station had very poor R² readings. The bias generally ranged from 0.1 up to 1.0 ft.
- 9. LEC-SA1. There were two marsh stations, fourteen well stations and three canal stations

- used for comparisons. Twelve sampling records were good. The R^2 values generally ranged from 0.4 0.7 and twelve stations had generally less than 0.2 ft bias with one site up to 0.6 ft for the calibration period. For the verification period, nine stations had less than 0.2 ft with a range up to 1.0 ft.
- **10.** LEC-SA2. There were 29 well sites and 11 canal sites used for comparisons. The period of record was generally good with very few exceptions. For well sites, the R² values range from about 0.0 0.8. For canal sites, the calibration R² values ranged from 0.0 0.6; verification R² ranged from 0.2 0.7. The bias in all cases was generally less than 0.2 ft
- 11. LEC-SA3. There were 7 marsh stations, 35 well stations and 20 canal stations used for comparisons. There was a good sampling size at all sites. For the well and marsh stations, the R² values generally varied from 0.6 0.8 both in calibration and verification. For the canal sites, the R² values generally ranged from 0.2 0.8 for calibration and from 0.1 0.8 for verification. In all cases, the bias was generally less than 0.2 ft with many stations being less than 0.1 ft.

General Observations

Figure 4.2.2.3 displays the calibration correlation values for the stage locations. Figure 4.2.2.4 displays the verification correlation values for the stage locations. Green symbols denote a good correlation (0.61 - 1.00). Figure 4.2.2.5 displays the calibration bias for the stage locations. Figure 4.2.2.6 displays the verification bias for the stage locations. The darker green symbols denote an acceptable bias (within ± 0.5 feet of observed). Sign convention (positive or negative) of the bias value is also denoted inside the symbols in gage locations shown in the maps. The following general observations can be made from Figures 4.2.2.3 through 4.2.2.6:

- 1. The marsh areas tend to have higher R² values, generally in the 0.8 0.9 range, while the groundwater well sites in developed areas had lower R² values, generally ranging from 0.4 0.7.
- 2. With some exceptions, the bias was relatively small (generally less than 0.2 ft), with many values being less than 0.1 ft. The small bias occurred in marsh areas, both in the natural areas (undeveloped) and developed areas.
- **3.** In the developed areas, the canals generally had poor R² values compared to well sites or marsh sites.
- **4.** The R^2 values for the marsh sites in the developed areas (0.5 0.8 range) were not as good as the marsh areas in the natural areas.

The following comments are based on a review of the figures presented in Appendix C:

- 1. With few exceptions, the natural marsh areas have predicted hydrographs that correlate well with observed hydropatterns.
- 2. The observed data for the LEC canals have greater variability than the predicted patterns. The lower stages may be due to pre-storm drawdowns, while the greater overall variability may be due to the highly managed operations.
- **3.** The observed data in the LEC marsh and well sites correlated well with predicted hydropatterns.
- **4.** Although flow comparisons were not used to refine model calibration parameters, the monthly flow predictions at structures did match observed data reasonably well.

SFWMM v5.4 Calibration (1984-1995) and Verification (1981-1993,1996-2000) Statistics for Stage Locations

		Gage	Land	Use Type (2)	SFW	MM	R	^2	RMS	E (ft.)	BIAS	(ft.)	Efficiency		Sample Size	
Basin/Region	Station	Type (1)	Calib.	Verif.	Row	Col	Calib.	Verif.	Calib.	Verif.	Calib.	Verif.	Calib.	Verif.	Calib.	Verif.
WCA-1	1-7	Marsh	RS3	RS3	48	31	0.745	0.781	0.404	0.353	-0.106	-0.072	0.570	0.549	4124	2922
	1-8C	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.736	0.791	0.728	0.556	0.046	0.090	0.694	0.781	4383	2922
	1-8T	Marsh	RS3	RS3	47	34	0.751	0.783	0.510	0.444	0.208	0.214			4028	
	1-9	Marsh	RS3	RS3	46	33		0.820	0.380	0.346	0.127	0.163				
WCA-2A	2A-17	Marsh	RS3	RS3	40	29		0.663	0.332	0.529	-0.088	-0.115	0.876		4383	
	2A-300	Marsh	RS3	RS3	39	29			0.470			-0.154		0.521	4112	
	S11AHW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.699					-0.283			2902	
	WCA2E4	Marsh	RS5	RS5	41	31						-0.185				
	WCA2F1	Marsh	MIX	MIX	43	30					-0.237	-0.297				
	WCA2F4	Marsh	RS5	RS5	41	30				0.514	0.032	-0.155		0.357	432	
	WCA2U1	Marsh	RS3	RS3	39	31					0.174	0.053			433	
WCA-2B	2B-Y	Marsh	RS4	RS4	35	30				0.418	0.073	0.300			3688	
	3-99	Marsh	RS4	RS4	35	30			0.594			-0.262	0.784		1589	
WCA-3A	3A-10	Marsh	MIX	MIX	40	19						-0.037			3797	
	3A-11	Marsh	RS4	RS4	38	19						-0.864		-1.113		
	3A-12	Marsh	RS4	RS4	36	21						-0.046				
	3A-2	Marsh	RS4	RS4	36	18			0.363			-0.265				
	3A-28	Marsh	RS2	RS2	24	19				0.410		0.285			4383	
	3A-3	Marsh	RS5	RS5	37	25						-0.095		0.861	4383	
	3A-4	Marsh	RS2	RS2	29	21			0.352			-0.151		0.903	4383	
	3A-9	Marsh	RS4	RS4	35	21						-0.366			4383	
	3A-NE	Marsh	SAW	SAW	40	23		0.917				-0.237				
	3A-NW	Marsh	RS5	RS5	40	18						-0.100			3860	
	3A-S	Marsh	RS2	RS2	33	20		-				-0.261	0.905		4285	
	3A-SW	Marsh	RS2	RS2	30	16						-0.081	0.797	0.870		2510
	G618	Marsh	RS4	RS4	22	23			0.313		0.094	-0.101		0.838		
	L28-2	Marsh	CAT	CAT	33	16						-0.466				
	L29	Marsh	RS4	RS4	22	22					-0.168	-0.296		0.638		
	S333HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.815					0.214		0.818		
	S334HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.856		0.370			-0.225				
	S339HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.859					-0.085		0.806		
	S340HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.861	0.818		0.561	-0.215	-0.271				
	S344HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.961	0.894		0.316		-0.115				
WCA-3B	3B-2	Marsh	RS4	RS4	26	24						-0.348		0.214		
	3B-29	Marsh	RS4	RS4	26	26						0.031			992	
	3B-3	Marsh	RS4	RS4	30	27						-0.122		0.604	1571	1819
	3B-SE	Marsh	RS4	RS4	23	26					0.310	0.350			3003	
	SHARK	Marsh	RS4	RS4	23	24						-0.194				
ENP	EP12R	Marsh	MAN	MAN	5	28						-0.087		0.631	2495	
	EP9R	Marsh	MAN	MAN	5	25			-			0.007	-	0.444	2223	+
	EPSW	Marsh	MAN	MAN	5	26					-0.232	-0.307				
	G1502	Marsh	MLP	MLP	17	24		0.832	0.482	0.474	0.256	-0.215				-
	G3272	Well	MLP	MLP	19	25	0.805	0.644	0.669	0.443	0.493	0.234	0.572	0.503	488	2029

Table 4.2.2.1 Calibration and Verification Statistics for the WCAs, ENP, BCNP, Holey Land and Rotenberger Water Management Areas, and the LECSAs

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Gage	Land I	Jse Type (2)	SFW	MM	R	^2	RMS	E (ft.)	BIAS	S (ft.)	Efficiency		Sampl	e Size
Basin/Region	Station	Type (1)		Verif.	Row	Col	Calib.	Verif.	Calib.	Verif.	Calib.	Verif.	Calib.	Verif.	Calib.	Verif.
ENP	G3273	Marsh	MLP	MLP	17	24	0.887	0.857	0.480	0.418	0.281	-0.250	0.827	0.563	4310	182
	G3437	Well	MLP	MLP	15	24	0.835	0.828	0.524	0.539	-0.153	-0.441	0.782	0.476	3288	179
	G3576	Well	RS4	RS4	21	26	0.871	0.816	0.152	0.163	0.063	0.032	0.809	0.808	297	1763
	G3578	Well	RS4	RS4	20	26	0.911	0.754	0.245	0.273	0.190	0.144	0.630	0.654	259	1775
	G620	Marsh	MLP	MLP	19	18	0.840	0.920	0.431	0.158	0.079	0.044	0.719	0.907	3899	2212
	L67ES	Marsh	RS4		17	21	0.903		0.246		-0.008		0.902		1887	
	L67EXE	Marsh	RS4	RS4	19	22	0.752	0.786	0.341	0.315	0.120	-0.263	0.704	0.280	4097	1760
	L67EXW	Marsh	RS4	RS4	19	21	0.913	0.928	0.347	0.339	0.060	-0.266	0.864	0.759	4194	1833
	NESRS1	Marsh	RS4	RS4	20	22	0.812	0.700	0.299	0.217	0.127	-0.126	0.771	0.465	4205	2331
	NESRS2	Marsh	RS4	RS4	21	25	0.843	0.863	0.306	0.161	0.145	-0.059	0.764	0.823	3872	2356
	NESRS3	Marsh	RS4	RS4	21	26	0.828	0.816	0.387	0.277	0.095	-0.225	0.801	0.459	3660	1827
	NESRS4	Marsh	RS4	RS4	18	21	0.891	0.831	0.340	0.259	0.270	0.155	0.370	0.539	1054	1696
	NESRS5	Marsh	RS4	RS4	18	22	0.752	0.818	0.391	0.167	0.311	0.031	0.320	0.811	3118	1817
	NP-201	Marsh	MLP	MLP	21	19	0.869	0.861	0.351	0.425	-0.097	-0.323	0.852	0.646	3831	1875
	NP-202	Marsh	RS1	RS1	19	20	0.894	0.910			0.057	-0.138	0.887	0.861	4002	2722
	NP-203	Marsh	RS1	RS1	17	19			0.253		0.073	-0.167	0.880	0.811	3780	
	NP-205	Marsh	MLP	MLP	20	15					0.091	0.121	0.786	0.546		2874
	NP-206	Marsh	MLP	MLP	15	21			0.630	0.468	0.367	0.188	0.756	0.807	3737	2884
	NP-207	Marsh	MLP	MLP	6	20		0.820	0.449	0.319	-0.293	-0.170	0.512	0.543		
	NP-33	Marsh	RS1	RS1	17	20		0.854	0.361	0.219	0.264	0.010	0.734	0.801	4190	
	NP-34	Marsh	MLP	MLP	17	13		0.837	0.431	0.371	0.066	-0.060	0.773	0.784	4109	2864
	NP-35	Marsh	RS1	RS1	12	15		0.712	0.421	0.348	0.098	0.164	0.536	0.617	4252	2511
	NP-36	Marsh	RS1	RS1	14	17		0.889		-	0.118	-0.049	-	0.849		
	NP-38	Marsh	RS1	RS1	9	16		0.848			-0.042	0.049	0.839	0.828	4092	2797
	NP-44	Marsh	MLP	MLP	11	19		_		-	0.088	0.140	-	0.785		
	NP-46	Marsh	MLP	MLP	7	17		0.675			-0.408	-0.135	-0.010	0.465		2718
	NP-62	Marsh	RS1	RS1	11	17		0.872	0.467	0.301	0.060	-0.079	0.798	0.838		2636
	NP-67	Marsh	RS1	RS1	7	22		0.851	0.406		-0.238	-0.223	0.670	0.707	3964	2408
	NP-72	Marsh	MLP	MLP	9	20					-0.007	0.011	0.839	0.798	3812	
	NP-RG1	Marsh		MLP	16	23		0.912		0.397		0.255		0.764		1269
	NP-RG2	Marsh		MLP	15	23		0.894		0.402		0.215		0.774		1492
	NP-TSB	Marsh	MLP	MLP	9	23			0.690		-0.372	-0.548		0.465	4383	2916
	RUTZKE	Marsh	MLP	MLP	14	24			0.440		0.363	0.248		0.721	542	1827
	S332HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.434				0.083	0.063	-0.065	0.289		2922
BCNP	BCNP10	Marsh	FWT	FWT	20	10					-0.104	-0.063		-0.310		1149
	BCNP12	Marsh	FWT	FWT	37	8					-0.189	-0.115		0.364	1461	1827
	BCNP13	Marsh	FWT	FWT	36	4					-0.120	0.124		0.369		
	BCNPA2	Marsh	SAW	SAW	37	2					-0.530	-0.434	0.113	0.428		1827
	BCNPA5	Marsh	FWT	FWT	29	13					-0.069	-0.156		0.732		1784
	BCNPA8	Marsh	SAW	SAW	26	2					1.118	1.242		-1.330		1827
	BEARI	Marsh	FWT	FWT	39	1			0.848		-0.534	-0.393		-0.028		1827
	C296	Well	SAW	SAW	34	1					-0.310	-0.680		0.484	310	
	C54	Well	FWT	FWT	36	14					0.114	0.332		0.340		2647
	L28.GA	Marsh	FWT	FWT	34	11					0.238	0.227	0.587	0.282		2070
	LOOP1	Marsh	FWT	FWT	22	14					-0.322	-0.046		0.658		
	LOOP2	Marsh	FWT	FWT	22	12	0.776	0.664	0.522	0.362	-0.155	0.167	0.719	0.573	3857	1828

Table 4.2.2.1 (cont.) Calibration and Verification Statistics for the WCAs, ENP, BCNP, Holey Land and Rotenberger Water Management Areas, and the LECSAs

		Gage	Land Use Type (2)		SFWMM		R^2		RMS	E (ft.)	BIAS (ft.)		Efficiency		Sample Size	
Basin/Region	Station	Type (1)	Calib.	Verif.	Row	Col	Calib.	Verif.	Calib.	Verif.	Calib.	Verif.	Calib.	Verif.	Calib.	Verif.
BCNP	MONRD	Marsh	FWT	FWT	29	7	0.695	0.718	0.841	0.606	-0.710	-0.276	-1.156	0.525	1774	182
	OKA 858	Marsh	CIT	ROW	41	2	0.539	0.412	0.786	1.132	-0.165	0.479	0.308	0.117	1503	176
	ROBLK	Marsh	FWT	FWT	23	8	0.711	0.672	0.405	0.669	-0.170	0.079	0.597	0.593	1830	171
	TAMI40	Marsh	FWT	FWT	25	11	0.760	0.886	0.536	0.409	-0.201	-0.191	0.720	0.830	4373	290
	TAMIAM	Marsh	FWT	FWT	26	3	0.678	0.609	0.837	1.071	0.524	0.727	0.464	0.268	4325	255
HoleyLand	HOLEY1	Marsh	MIX	MIX	45	19	0.532	0.448	0.476	0.611	0.204	0.515	0.390	-0.925	1795	164
•	HOLEY2	Marsh	RS5	RS5	42	21	0.341	0.292	0.620	0.548	-0.162	0.100	0.142	0.116	1746	175
	HOLEYG	Marsh	RS5	RS5	43	18	0.536	0.369	0.587	0.507	-0.068	0.366	0.037	-0.325	2939	165
Rotenberger	ROTT.N	Marsh	SAW	SAW	46	15	0.218	0.539		0.652	-0.103	0.147	-0.008			148
ŭ	ROTT.S	Marsh	MIX	MIX	43	16		0.693		0.465	-0.428	-0.230	-0.332	0.585	2806	168
NPBSA	JUP.W	Well	FUP	MDU	62	38	0.666	0.514	0.721	0.905	-0.012	-0.214				3
	LOXR1	Well	FUP		63	36	0.603		0.374		0.031		0.567		1435	
	PB109	Well	FWT	FWT	58	36	0.495	0.759	0.892	0.495	0.426	-0.002	0.287	0.723	2775	109
	PB565	Well	LDU	MDU	64	39		0.545		1.274	0.997	0.417	-0.391	0.275		291
	S44HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.079	0.008			-0.159	-0.018				286
	S46HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.628	0.467	0.733		0.395	0.246		0.362		292
	SCUM	Well	FUP	LDU	60	39	0.566	0.545		1.347	-0.106	-1.075	0.543	-0.579	93	3
LEC-SA1	E3HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.223	0.077	0.285	0.246		0.005		0.074	4229	246
	G1213	Well	LDU	MDU	40	36		0.626		0.644		0.110				281
	G1260	Well	HDU	HDU	41	38		0.733			0.117	-0.305				291
	G1315	Well	MDU	MDU	40	37	0.705	0.702	0.751	0.744	0.060	-0.062	0.673	0.488	4303	281
	G2030	Well	CIT	MDU	41	33	0.445	0.504	0.571	0.750	0.203	0.042	0.278	0.237	2036	109
	G56HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.047	0.033	0.946	1.240	0.029	0.002	-0.358	-0.197	4383	292
	PB1495	Well	MDU		44	39	0.676		0.511		-0.136		0.636		2933	
	PB1515	Well	LDU		51	36	0.705		0.521		-0.180		0.517		611	
	PB1661	Marsh	LDU	MDU	44	37	0.770	0.785	0.530	0.438	-0.444	-0.329	0.229	0.499	2179	174
	PB445	Well	ROW	MDU	49	37		0.356	0.458	0.562	0.014	0.325	-0.055	-0.439		282
	PB561	Well	LDU	MDU	55	35		0.587	0.932	0.902	0.128	0.062	0.642	0.499		283
	PB683	Well	LDU	LDU	51	35		0.625		0.954	-0.658	-0.726	0.096			285
	PB732	Well	MDU	MDU	43	38	0.804	0.656	0.454	0.670	-0.020	0.011	0.764	0.592	4253	268
	PB809	Well	HDU	HDU	54	39	0.697	0.543	0.743	1.334	0.473	1.002	0.221	-0.134	4305	288
	PB88	Well	HDU	HDU	51	40	0.376	0.703	1.098	1.265	0.385	0.085	0.184			80
	PB900	Well	ROW	MDU	45	37	0.460	0.437	0.422	0.425	0.179	0.139	0.130	0.039	4271	142
	PB99	Well	MDU	MDU	53	40	0.701	0.792	0.658	0.610	-0.092	-0.085	0.547	0.661	4320	277
	S155HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.154	0.163	0.339	0.407	-0.217	-0.281	-1.276	-1.019	4225	230
	WPBCA	Marsh	MAR	MAR	56	36	0.511	0.719	0.592	0.991	-0.037	-0.828	0.489	-2.697	564	122
LEC-SA2	F291	Well	MDU	MDU	30	37	0.794	0.804	0.367	0.395	-0.036	-0.008	0.730	0.781	4267	282
	G1215	Well	MDU	MDU	40	38	0.766	0.649		1.749	-0.113	-0.635	0.709	0.565		238
	G1220	Well	MDU	MDU	35	37	0.792	0.824		0.328	-0.191	-0.091	0.707	0.803	4336	283
	G1221	Well	MDU	MDU	33	35		0.609		0.405	0.032	0.071	0.494		4308	223
	G1222	Well	LDU	MDU	31	30	0.518	0.713	0.507	0.558	-0.105	-0.335	0.485	0.550	2678	109
	G1223	Well	MDU	MDU	31	34		0.716		0.459	0.029	0.059	0.544	0.506		263
	G1224	Well	MDU	MDU	32	37	0.838	0.856			0.100	0.125				285
	G1225	Well	MDU	MDU	31	34		0.862			0.048	0.016			4322	272
	G1316	Well	HDU	HDU	39	36		0.713			-0.072	-0.148	0.260			176
	G1472	Well	MDU	MDU	30	37		0.810		0.399	-0.118	0.005				109

Table 4.2.2.1 (*cont.*) Calibration and Verification Statistics for the WCAs, ENP, BCNP, Holey Land and Rotenberger Water Management Areas, and the LECSAs. The yellow highlights indicate LEC Cutback Trigger Locations.

		Gage	Land	Use Type (2)	SFW	MM	R	^2	RMS	E (ft.)	BIAS	S (ft.)	Efficiency		Sample Size	
Basin/Region	Station	Type (1)	Calib.	Verif.	Row	Col	Calib.	Verif.	Calib.	Verif.	Calib.	Verif.	Calib.	Verif.	Calib.	Verif.
_EC-SA2	G1473	Well	MDU	MDU	30	37	0.805	0.796	0.378	0.409	0.090			0.752	4361	290
	G1636	Well	LDU	LDU	29	30		0.637	0.450	0.574	-0.302	-0.379		-0.067		289
	G1637	Well	RS4	RS4	29	28		0.521	0.485	0.508	0.312			0.316		
	G2031	Well	MDU	MDU	39	33		0.396	0.438	0.493	-0.134	0.010		0.074		292
	G2032	Well	LDU	LDU	35	32		0.367	0.536	0.604	0.218	0.231	0.208	-0.195		283
	G2033	Well	HDU	HDU	37	33		0.518	0.496	0.430	0.102			0.303		283
	G2034	Well	LDU	MDU	31	30		0.610		0.429	-0.163	0.121	0.409	0.541	4291	281
	G2035	Well	MDU	MDU	31	36		0.786		0.636	-0.454	-0.429		0.352		292
	G2147	Well	MDU	MDU	39	39		0.510	0.896	1.155	0.275	0.062		0.508		285
	G2275	Well	MDU	MDU	37	37	0.725	0.852	0.602	0.566	0.079			0.740		
	G2376	Well	RS5	RS5	35	28		0.574	0.378	0.312		0.099		0.522		49
	G2443	Well	MDU		38	36			0.519		0.322		0.419		2895	
	G2444	Well	MDU		37	36	0.732		0.686		0.233		0.560		2789	
	G54HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.054	0.012	0.549	0.701	0.229	0.052		-0.289		
	G561	Well	HDU	HDU	34	37		0.789	0.357	0.349	-0.100	0.026		0.756		285
	G57HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.120	0.000	0.185	0.348	-0.021	0.066	-1.053	-0.680		182
	G616	Well	MDU	MDU	40	34	0.536	0.653	0.752	1.366	-0.001	-0.619	0.511	0.541	3618	68
	G617	Well	LDU	LDU	33	31		0.552	0.445	0.443	0.041	0.050		0.477	4383	283
	G820A	Well	MDU		37	37			0.574		-0.321		0.785		4085	
	G970	Well	LDU	LDU	29	30	0.572	0.518	0.347	0.514	-0.074	-0.154		-0.102		273
	S13HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.086	0.209	0.300	0.277	-0.112	-0.072	-0.740	-0.271	4383	292
	S29HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.035	0.001	0.284	0.324	0.030	0.016	-0.240	-0.330	4283	292
	S30HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.587	0.205	0.613	0.502	0.167	0.118	0.515	0.136	3136	
	S329	Well	MDU	MDU	34	35	0.719	0.731	1.576	1.194	1.426	1.019	-0.575	0.003	4266	290
	S33HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.449	0.129	0.276	0.344	0.011	-0.031	0.331	-0.505	4383	292
	S36HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.049	0.035	0.305	0.322	-0.083	-0.010	-0.258	-0.253	4383	288
	S37AHW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.000	0.155	0.250	0.245	0.010	0.089	-0.322	-0.007	4383	292
	S37BHW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.021	0.016	0.279	0.353	0.052	-0.070	-0.473	-0.425		292
	S9HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.659	0.650	0.567	0.697	-0.289	-0.400	0.172	-0.068		
	S9XNHW	Canal		CNL				0.384		0.330		-0.111		0.239		121
LEC-SA3	C2.74	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.884	0.511	0.492	0.415	0.139			0.416		171
	EVER1	Marsh	MLP	MLP	7	29		0.515	0.477	0.520	-0.189	-0.092		-2.298		168
	EVER2B	Marsh	MLP	MLP	7	27	0.728	0.724	0.369	0.328	-0.142	-0.052		0.492		175
	EVER3	Marsh	MLP	MLP	8	26		0.841	0.221	0.158	0.076			0.833		177
	EVER4	Marsh	MLP	MLP	8	25		0.909	0.251	0.206	0.096			0.750		179
	F179	Well	HDU	HDU	22	34		0.781	0.353	0.365	-0.206	-0.169	0.626	0.697	4383	290
	F319	Well	MDU	MDU	20	33	0.698	0.567	0.386	0.437	0.149	0.123	0.139	0.099	4263	285
	F358	Well	MDU	MDU	12	27	0.817	0.805	0.408	0.444	-0.041	0.021	0.653	0.684		284
	F45	Well	HDU	HDU	24	35		0.855	0.296	0.307	-0.039	-0.022		0.848		290
	FROGP	Well	ROW	ROW	11	24		0.638	0.353	0.436	0.050		0.696	0.611	4120	182
	G1166	Well	LDU	LDU	27	31	0.588	0.553		0.262	-0.015		0.586	0.549		
	G1183	Well	HDU	HDU	13	30		0.580	0.384	0.402	-0.059	0.006		0.361	4201	279
	G1251	Well	MLP	MLP	7	24		0.806	0.414	0.385	-0.140		0.486	0.412		257
	G1362	Well	ROW	ROW	17	28		0.792		0.427	0.179			0.749		276
	G1363	Well	CIT	CIT	15	26		0.846		0.457	0.249			0.767		
	G1486	Well	MDU	MDU	13	28	0.819	0.785	0.388	0.437	0.062	0.011	0.603	0.566	4322	289

Table 4.2.2.1 (cont.) Calibration and Verification Statistics for the WCAs, ENP, BCNP, Holey Land and Rotenberger Water Management Areas, and the LECSAs. The yellow highlights indicate LEC Cutback Trigger Locations.

		Gage	Land Use Type (2)		SFWI	MM	R	^2	RMS	E (ft.)	BIAS (ft.)		Efficiency		Sample Size	
Basin/Region	Station	Type (1)	Calib.	Verif.	Row	Col	Calib.	Verif.	Calib.	Verif.	Calib.	Verif.	Calib.	Verif.	Calib.	Verif.
.EC-SA3	G1487	Well	ROW	ROW	19	27	0.701	0.527	0.573	0.476	-0.314	-0.222				202
	G1488	Well	RS5	RS5	24	27	0.765	0.864	0.544	0.441	-0.109	-0.150			4220	286
	G211HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.731	0.117	0.430	0.340	0.115	-0.113	0.690	-0.288	1822	182
	G3264A	Well	MEL	MEL	25	30	0.854	0.655	0.395	0.450	-0.084	0.025	0.845	0.647	4136	171
	G3327	Well	HDU	HDU	23	34	0.501	0.687	0.348	0.302	0.023	0.146			4263	169
	G3328	Well	HDU	HDU	23	34	0.538	0.691	0.276	0.248	-0.062	-0.061	0.425		4225	178
	G3329	Well	MDU	MDU	23	32	0.566	0.616	0.442	0.512	0.120	0.281	0.158	0.081	4314	177
	G3353	Well	MLP	MLP	6	24	0.779	0.749	0.292	0.287	0.026	-0.028		0.493	3663	179
	G3354	Well	MLP	MLP	7	26		0.850	0.240	0.228	-0.138	-0.155		0.719	3305	170
	G3439	Well	MEL	MDU	21	28	0.808	0.734	0.437	0.525		0.360			3017	155
	G553	Well	MDU	MDU	18	31	0.842		0.542	0.604	-0.303	-0.248	0.496	0.322	3935	276
	G580A	Well	LDU	MDU	19	32			0.392	0.442		0.078			4334	290
	G596	Marsh	ROW	ROW	18	26		0.626	0.548	0.508	0.298	-0.032	0.558	0.624	4273	292
	G613	Marsh	ROW	ROW	10	26		0.669	0.369	0.392		0.082		0.352	4314	288
	G614	Well	CIT	CIT	15	28		0.819	0.494	0.471	0.335					281
	G757A	Well	ROW	ROW	16	27			0.410	0.421	0.127	0.043				286
	G789	Well	CIT	ROW	12	25		0.755	0.374	0.420	0.018	-0.101	0.696			289
	G852	Well	MDU	MDU	27	36			0.375	0.486		-0.217	0.572	0.499		291
	G855	Well	MDU	HDU	19	28		0.727	0.511	0.508	0.038	0.007	0.591	0.599	4162	287
	G858	Well	HDU	HDU	18	29		0.806	0.524	0.568	-0.112	0.033	0.551	0.484	3415	109
	G860	Well	LDU	MDU	17	32		0.517	0.406	0.455	-0.124	-0.094	0.356		4383	291
	G864	Well	CIT	ROW	11	26	0.757	0.751	0.388	0.450	0.000	-0.084	0.739	0.721	4380	292
	G973	Well	MDU	HDU	26	31	0.654	0.556	0.379	0.370		0.127	0.557	0.477	4300	288
	G975	Well	RS5	RS5	26	27		0.744	0.918	0.786		0.591	0.180			290
	G976	Well	MEL	MEL	24	28	0.797	0.528	0.862	0.713	0.363	-0.281	0.623			289
	S118HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.825	0.695	0.321	0.406		-0.098	0.754	0.522	4376	292
	S119HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.844	0.706	0.480	0.632	-0.212	-0.293	0.513		4345	292
	S123HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.563	0.201	0.410	0.472	-0.087	-0.004	0.231	-0.393	3437	181
	S148HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.269	0.310	0.724	0.738	0.062	0.110	0.145		4221	287
	S149HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.507	0.416	0.406	0.407	0.068	0.067	0.461	0.271	4334	178
	S165HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.507	0.653	0.459	0.385	0.068	0.008		0.652		291
	S166HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.793		0.461	0.468		0.252				292
	S167HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.623	0.619	0.421	0.484	0.083	0.109		0.584	4383	292
	S176HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.717	0.593	0.335	0.425		-0.060			4383	292
	S177HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.518		0.368	0.428	0.077	0.047				269
	S179HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.725	0.679	0.340	0.394	0.022	-0.018	0.520	0.352	4378	292
	S18	Marsh	MDU	MDU	28	34	0.698	0.737	0.249	0.257	0.101	0.043	0.630			274
	S182	Well	MDU	MDU	16	31	0.633	0.667	0.377	0.419	-0.190	-0.190				279
	S18CHW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.646		0.242	0.316		-0.098				292
	S196A	Well	CIT	ROW	13	26	0.836	0.838	0.367	0.377	0.201	0.142		0.809	4337	290
	S197HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.789	0.645	0.333	0.350	-0.235	-0.214	0.532	0.299	4233	273
	S20FHW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.203	0.126	0.378	0.497	-0.102	-0.150	-0.771	-1.908	3750	220
	S21AHW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.283	0.175	0.268	0.314	0.055	0.053	0.097	-0.337	4375	292
	S21HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.112	0.040	0.283	0.317	-0.090	-0.001	-0.546	-1.066	4383	292
	S22HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.421	0.230	0.478	0.491	-0.148	-0.193	-0.035	-0.489		292
	S25HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.191	0.010	0.243	0.264	-0.087	-0.095	-0.460	-1.645	3910	234

Table 4.2.2.1 (*cont.*) Calibration and Verification Statistics for the WCAs, ENP, BCNP, Holey Land and Rotenberger Water Management Areas, and the LECSAs. The yellow highlights indicate LEC Cutback Trigger Locations.

		Gage	Land Use Type (2)		SFWMM		R^2		RMSE (ft.)		BIAS (ft.)		Efficiency		Sample Size	
Basin/Region	Station	Type (1)	Calib.	Verif.	Row	Col	Calib.	Verif.	Calib.	Verif.	Calib.	Verif.	Calib.	Verif.	Calib.	Verif.
LEC-SA3	S26HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.051	0.027	0.345	0.379	0.106	0.108	-0.174	-0.115	3755	1827
	S27HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.073	0.173	0.237	0.246	-0.025	-0.093	-0.196	-0.029	4299	2922
	S28HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.059	0.017	0.215	0.281	-0.063	-0.138	-0.183	-0.776	4383	2922
	S335HW	Canal	MDU	HDU			0.639	0.610	0.681	0.486	-0.014	0.282	0.416	0.383	4383	1868
	S331HW	Canal	CNL	CNL			0.352	0.088	0.510	0.552	-0.048	-0.199	0.263	-0.356	4369	2231
L8	PB831	Well	FUP	FUP	60	29	0.683	0.759	0.637	0.687	0.044	-0.237	0.556	0.500	4219	2864

Notes: (1) Statistics for canal stages are derived from a smoothed trace (7-day moving average)

(3) Denotes LEC Cutback Trigger Location

(2) Land Use Legend

Code	Description
LDU	Low Density Urban
CIT	Citrus
MAR	Freshwater Marsh
SAW	Sawgrass
WET	Wet Prairie
SHR	Shrubland (includes Rangeland)
ROW	Row Crops
SUG	Sugar Cane
IRR	Irrigated Pasture
STA	Stormwater Treatment Area (with dense vegetation)
HDU	High Density Urban
FWT	Forested Wetland
MAN	Mangroves
MEL	Melaleuca
CAT	Cattail
FUP	Forested Uplands
RS1	Ridge & Slough 1
MLP	Marl Prairie
MIX	Mixed Cattail-Sawgrass
WAT	Open Water
RS2	Ridge & Slough 2
RS3	Ridge & Slough 3
RS4	Ridge & Slough 4
RS5	Ridge & Slough 5
MDU	Medium Density Urban
CNL	Canal

Table 4.2.2.1 (*cont.*) Calibration and Verification Statistics for the WCAs, ENP, BCNP, Holey Land and Rotenberger Water Management Areas, and the LECSAs.

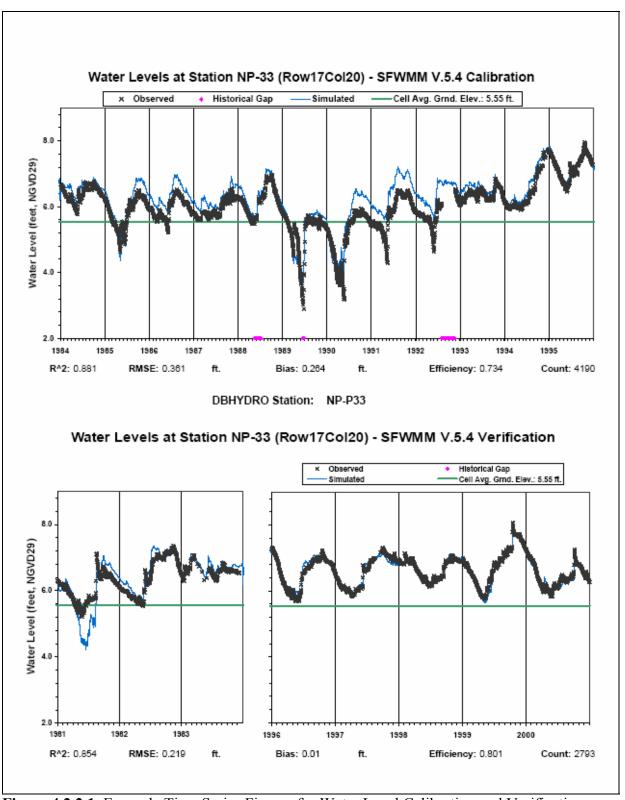


Figure 4.2.2.1 Example Time Series Figures for Water Level Calibration and Verification

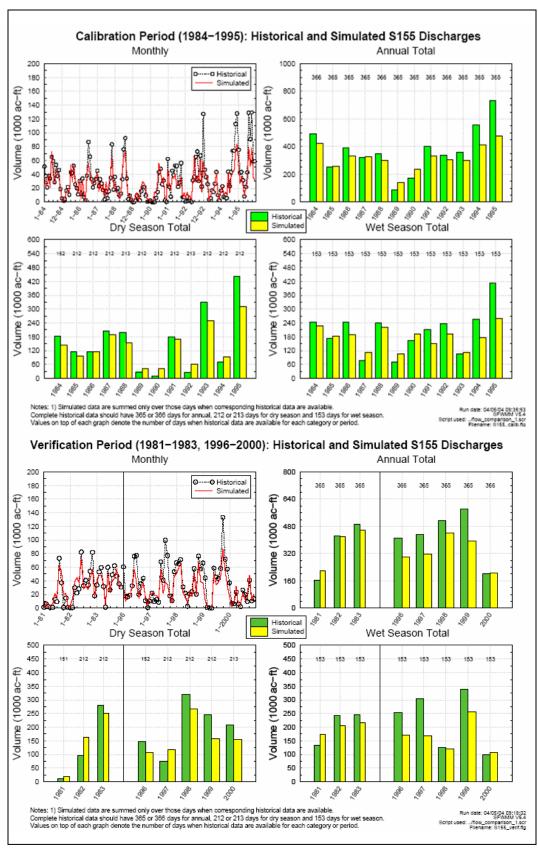


Figure 4.2.2.2 Example Time Series Figures for Flow Validation (Used Only as a Reasonability Check)

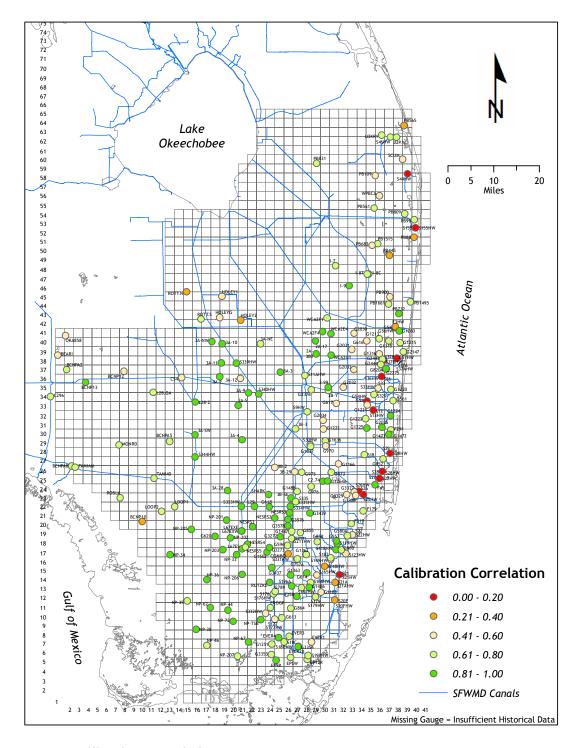


Figure 4.2.2.3 Calibration Correlation

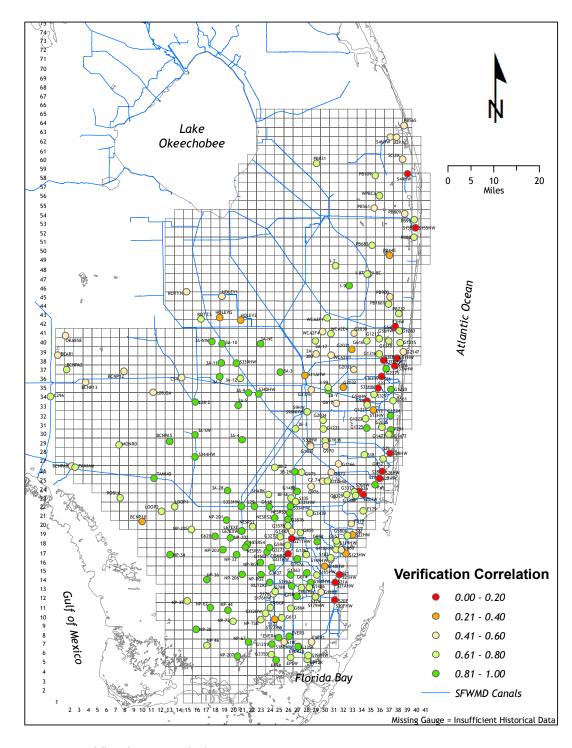


Figure 4.2.2.4 Verification Correlation

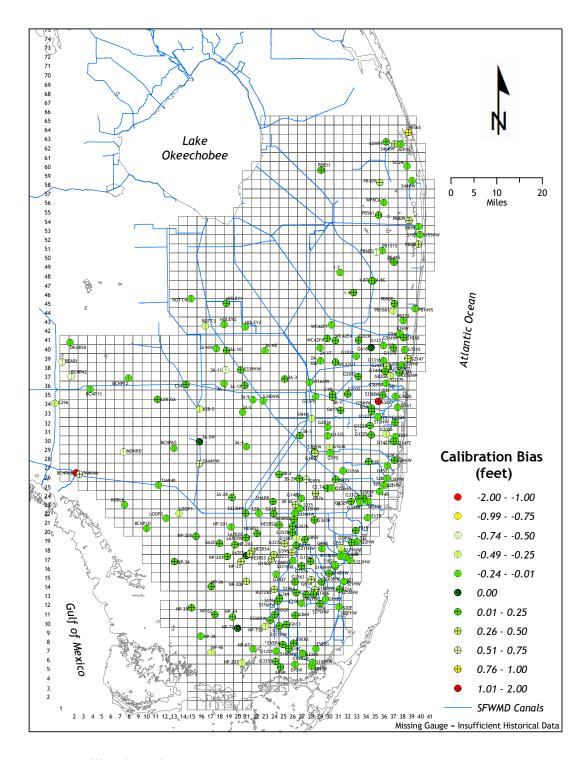


Figure 4.2.2.5 Calibration Bias

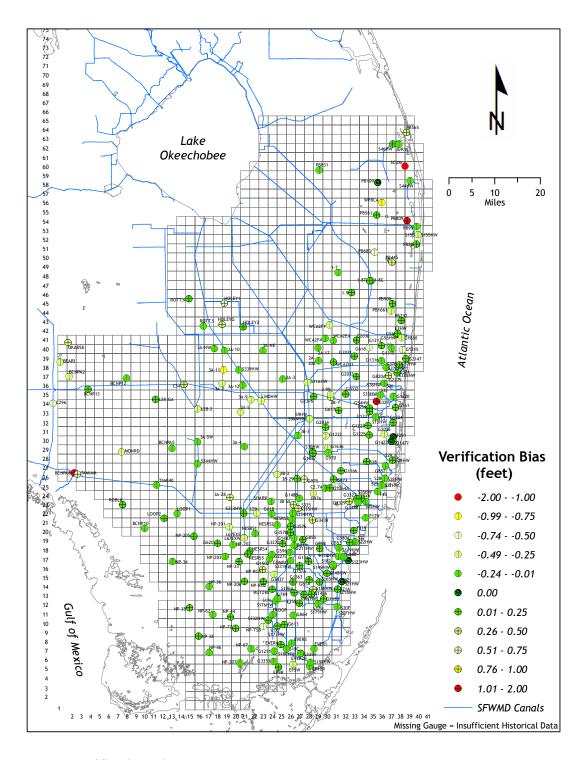


Figure 4.2.2.6 Verification Bias

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